



WEBINAR

Okta Privileged Access

Safe harbor

This presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including but not limited to, statements regarding our financial outlook, long-term financial targets, product development, business strategy and plans, market trends and market size, opportunities, positioning and expected benefits that will be derived from the acquisition of Auth0, Inc. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections. Words such as “expect,” “anticipate,” “should,” “believe,” “hope,” “target,” “project,” “goals,” “estimate,” “potential,” “predict,” “may,” “will,” “might,” “could,” “intend,” “shall” and variations of these terms and similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which involve factors or circumstances that are beyond our control. For example, the market for our products may develop more slowly than expected or than it has in the past; there may be significant fluctuations in our results of operations and cash flows related to our revenue recognition or otherwise; we may fail to successfully integrate any new business, including Auth0, Inc.; we may fail to realize anticipated benefits of any combined operations with Auth0, Inc.; we may experience unanticipated costs of integrating Auth0, Inc.; the potential impact of the acquisition on relationships with third parties, including employees, customers, partners and competitors; we may be unable to retain key

personnel; global economic conditions could worsen; a network or data security incident that allows unauthorized access to our network or data or our customers’ data could damage our reputation and cause us to incur significant costs; we could experience interruptions or performance problems associated with our technology, including a service outage; the impact of COVID-19 and variants of concern, related public health measures and any associated economic downturn on our business and results of operations may be more than we expect; and we may not be able to pay off our convertible senior notes when due. Further information on potential factors that could affect our financial results is included in our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation represent our views only as of the date of this presentation and we assume no obligation and do not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

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Infrastructure and privileged accounts are a top attack vector for threat actors

+80%

of breaches affect servers

74%

of all breaches include the human element through error, privilege misuse, use of stolen credentials, or social engineering

#1

Servers are the number one source of "initial access" during a hack

The volume and complexity of privileged resources and accounts has exploded with cloud adoption



Critical Resources

- Secrets
- Databases
- CI/CD tools
- IaaS (AWS, GCP, Azure)
- Servers



Critical Accounts

- Administrator Accounts
(e.g. local admin on your laptop; Salesforce admin, Okta admin)
- Service Accounts



This proliferation of resources + accounts makes it difficult to fully adopt modern, zero trust security. We must ensure:



The **right people**



Have access to **the right resources**



At the **right time**, with **zero standing privileges** across every resource and account



In the **right context**



Re-**assessed continuously**



... All while making it **easy and cost effective** for both Admins and Users to manage and use



Privileged access must be an extension of your identity program and stack

Traditional Identity Siloes

Lower IT Efficiency
Frustrated workforce
Reduced security posture

Modern, Unified Platform

Increased IT productivity
Better security posture
Delighted and engaged workforce

VS

Other Solutions

Lack of consistent threat observability, redundant controls, and difficult to deploy

Okta Workforce Identity Cloud

Maintain infrastructure isolation while gaining consistent risk signals and user experience

Okta Workforce Identity Cloud: a unified solution for every one, and every identity need

Employees | Contractors | Business Partners

OKTA INTEGRATION NETWORK | [Connect everything](#)



Access Management

Any resource. Any device. Anywhere.
One secure passwordless experience.



Identity Governance

The right level of access, from a user's
first day to their last.



Privileged Access

Least privilege for everything. No matter
who they are, or what device they use.

PLATFORM | 99.99% Uptime

Directories

Connect in and manage all
of your people

Insights + Reporting

All the data

Extensibility

Pro code or no code tools
across Okta APIs + SDKs

Risk Signals

Connect in signals across
your stack



Okta Privileged Access powers security, efficiency gains

Eliminate Standing Access to Privileged Accounts

Eliminate all standing access to privileged accounts on servers. power scheduled rotation of privileged account passwords, and monitor for out-of-band password changes to privileged accounts.



Raise the Security Bar for Privileged Accounts

Layer JIT privileged access policies with risk signals from across Okta's ecosystem, for example native signals from Okta as well as from partners in the EDR, MDM, and SASE spaces.



Meet Regulatory and Cybersecurity Insurance Requirements

More easily adhere to and demonstrate for auditors how your organization meets requirements for regulations and controls such as PCI-DSS, SOX, GDPR and NIST.



Simple, Great Employee Experience

Offer your workforce a seamless SSO experience for everything from apps to servers – or go one step further with Okta FastPass' phishing-resistant, passwordless login.



Okta Privileged Access: A modern solution to enforce least privilege

Critical Capabilities



JIT access for
Infrastructure



Access Requests for
privileged resources



Vault and Secure
Privileged Accounts



Audit & Session
Recording



Generic Secrets
Management



Manage Cloud
Infrastructure



Secure Server Access

What is it?

Modern server access using short-lived certificates secures and streamlines user access.

Benefits

Secure privileged access to servers

Eliminate Passwords and SSH Keys

Eliminate manual account administration

How do you want Principals to access resources?

Select either one or both methods that you'd like Principals to access resources from

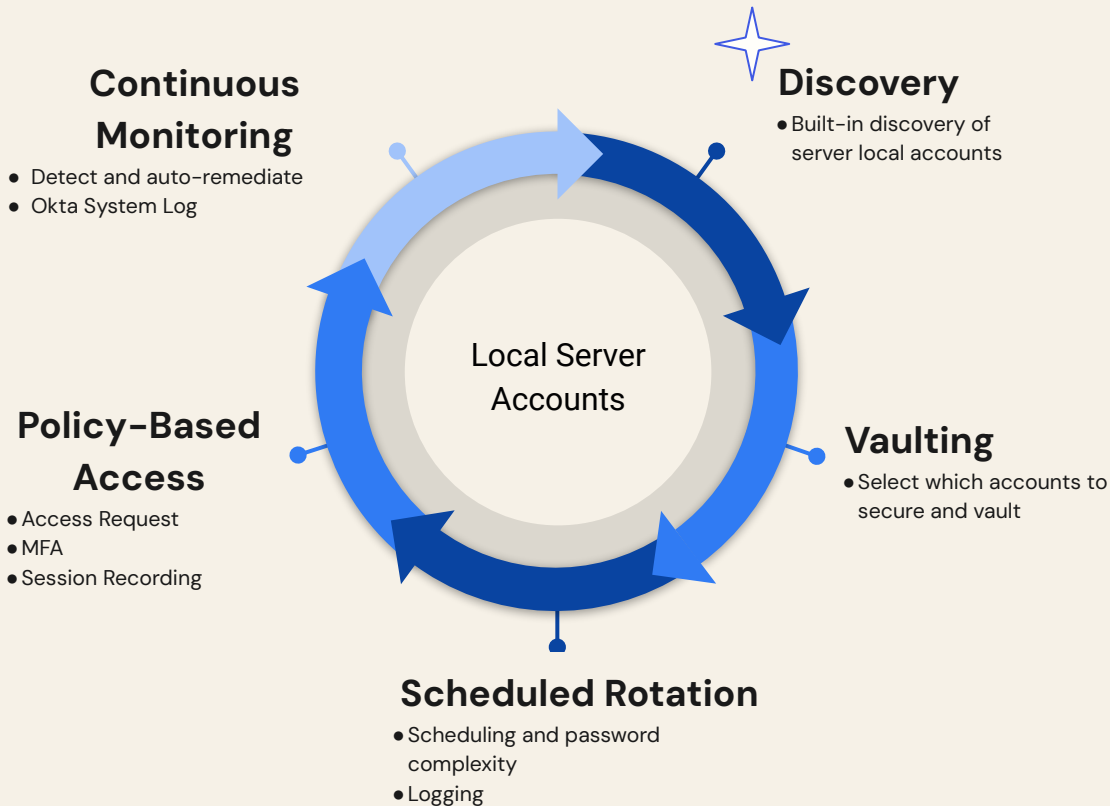
- Access resources by individual account

Allow Principals to log into resources with an individual account that Okta creates and manages automatically

The screenshot displays the Okta Privileged Access console. On the left is a navigation sidebar with sections: My Privileged Access, Access Request Status, INFRASTRUCTURE ACCESS (Kubernetes, Bots), DIRECTORY (Users, Groups, Clients), RESOURCE ADMINISTRATION (Resource Management, Gateways, System Configuration), and SECURITY ADMINISTRATION (Policies, Labels). The main area is titled 'My Servers' and lists two servers: 'linuxapp1-ubuntu' (OS) and 'windowsapp2' (OS). Below this, there are two overlapping terminal windows. The top terminal window shows a user connecting to 'linuxapp1-ubuntu' via SSH. The bottom terminal window shows the user 'erickufrin' logged in as root on 'linuxapp1-ubuntu', running 'ls' and 'whoami' commands. A certificate icon is overlaid on the bottom left of the terminal area, and the text 'SHORT-LIVED CERT AUTH' is prominently displayed in the bottom right of the terminal area.



Securing Local Server Privileged Accounts



Server Account Vaulting

What is it?

Discovery of local accounts and automated rotation of passwords.

Benefits

Secure privileged account passwords

Detect and remediate out-of-band password changes

The screenshot displays the Okta Privileged Access console. The left sidebar contains navigation options: My Privileged Access, Access Request Status, INFRASTRUCTURE ACCESS (Kubernetes Beta), DIRECTORY (Users, Groups, Clients), RESOURCE ADMINISTRATION (Resource Management, Gateways, System Configuration), and SECURITY ADMINISTRATION (Policies, Labels). The main content area shows the 'Local Accounts' tab for the 'Cloud_Servers' project. A search box contains 'admin'. Below it is a table of local accounts:

SERVER	LOCAL ACCOUNT NAME	MANAGED ROTATION SUMMARY	LAST ROTATED
windowsapp2	Administrator	Yes Successful	2023-08-21 13:59

An inset box shows the 'Password complexity' settings for the selected account. It specifies a range of 14 to 64 characters and lists required complexity requirements: Uppercase, Lowercase, Numbers, and Symbols.



Gateway, Recording, Audit

What is it?

Gateway is a transparent proxy for SSH and RDP. Administrators can optionally record sessions.

Okta System Log provides a single location to review all Events related to Privileged Access.

Benefits

Tamper-proof session logs are stored on the Gateway for later review

Session and Event data help with security detection & response as well as compliance objectives

Session recording (optional)
Before session recording can be enabled, resource administrators must enroll and install a gateway.

Select gateway setting

- Enable traffic forwarding through gateways
- Record session through gateways

The screenshot shows the Okta System Log interface. At the top, there is a search bar with the text 'pam.' and a 'Save' button. Below the search bar is a bar chart titled 'Count of events over time' showing event counts from August 15 to August 22, 2023. Below the chart is a table of events with columns for Time, Actor, Event Info, and Targets. The 'Event Info' column is highlighted with a red box.

Time	Actor	Event Info	Targets
Aug 22 13:52:31	windowsapp2 (Server)	(PAM) Password change result for local account on server SUCCESS	mountaincalling-beta (Team) windowsapp2 (Server) 3 more targets
Aug 22 13:52:18	linuxapp1-ubuntu (Server)	(PAM) Password change result for local account on server SUCCESS	mountaincalling-beta (Team) linuxapp1-ubuntu (Server) 3 more targets
Aug 22 12:50:30	windowsapp2 (Server)	(PAM) Password change result for local account on server	mountaincalling-beta (Team) windowsapp2 (Server)



Access Request Integration

What is it?

Require human approval workflows before resources can be accessed.

Supports Slack, MS Teams, Web Inbox

Benefits

Protect critical or sensitive access with “two rules” or other human review workflows

Control the length of time access can be used

Approval requests (optional)
Require approval requests before Principals gain access to resources.

Enable approval requests

Select approval request type
Require Approval ▼ [Create new Access Request Type](#)

Select how long you would like the approval to last

Amount	Label
8	Hours ▼

The screenshot shows the Okta Privileged Access interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options: Requests, Access Requests, All, Drafts, Privileged Access, Teams, and Settings. The main content area shows a request for 'MountainsCalling.me' by 'John Muir'. The request is titled 'Require Approval' and is for 'Everyone at MountainsCalling.me'. Below the request details is a 'Tasks & Actions' section with three items: 'Admin Approval *' (Approval task for OktaPA-Admins), 'Approved *' (Automated Action for Okta Privileged Access), and 'Denied *' (Automated Action for Okta Privileged Access). Each item has a lightning bolt icon on the right.



Granular MFA support in PAM access policy

What is it?

Today, Okta customers use sign-on policies and rules to provide a secure and flexible way to control how users authenticate and sign in to their accounts. However, the existing Okta sign-on policies are not granular enough to, for example, require end-user use MFA on every SSH or RDP connection to a privileged server.

The Okta PA policy adds support for more granular 'per-connection' MFA requirements for SSH and RDP server access.

Benefits

Help customers achieve stronger security outcomes by re-verifying user identity before granting access to high privileged resources

Multifactor authentication (optional)

You can add granular authentication and factor controls within a Okta Privileged Access (OPA) policy. These are in addition to Okta authentication and sign-on policies used by your organization. In order to protect privileged access to different resources, this is an optional more granular layer of protection. [Learn more](#)

Enable MFA

Select authenticator assurance level requirement

Each time a user attempts to connect to a server with SSH or RDP, OPA will validate that the authentication meets this requirement.

- Any two factor types
- Phishing resistant (applicable only for Okta Identity Engine enabled organizations)

Select reauthentication frequency

Control how often the user needs to reauthenticate. On every attempt or after a specified amount of time.

- Every SSH or RDP connection attempt
- After the specified duration

Amount

Duration

15

Minutes



Live DEMO



Secrets Vault

What is it?

Okta Privileged Access Secrets Vault feature will enable customers to protect Secrets (any string). The Secrets Vault feature will provide a durable, secure place to store secrets within their organization. This feature will deliver ease-of-use for end users as well as provide controls and governance layers that administrators require to satisfy security requirements and compliance regulations.

Benefits

Secure organizational **secrets**, these private bits of information that if left exposed could cause irreparable harm to the organization

The screenshot displays the Okta Privileged Access interface for managing secrets. The left sidebar shows navigation options: Okta Privileged Access, My Privileged Access, Servers, Databases, Secrets (highlighted), Kubernetes, and Access Request Status. The main content area shows the details for a secret named 'FedEx' under the folder 'ProShip-Secrets / FedEx'. The secret is described as 'The secrets related to the ProShip environment'. A table lists the secret's key name and value:

Key name	Secret value
API Key	MHUSAJfkfdjdajaf9tq35hjh3578t43qhtu5h87q5 dashf4DHJAJJFBashfj4DHJAJJFB&849247bBY3 9bcgew8437BYUDG37FGYB34HJBUihf3874g83 7FGYB34HJBUihf3874g83JBW07GH0YBEWGGH QWIEUHJQWKH43U87758962hfahgyghjBYGTDU WH8743bt4bdf7ewgbashfj4DHJAJJFB&849247b BY39bcgew8437BYUDG37FGYB34HJBUihf3874 g8ashfj4DHJAJJFB&849247bBY39bcgew84

Below the table, there are two input fields for 'Secret key name' with masked values and icons for visibility and deletion.



Live DEMO



Privileged Entitlements Discovery and Analysis

What is it?

To define least privileged permissions, customers need to understand what resources within their IaaS should be treated as privileged. This feature will help customers find the set of resources in their IaaS applications that represent high risk to their organization if breached, then help them create entitlements in those applications to grant least privileged access to them.

Benefits

Streamline the process of removing standing access to privileged resources in IaaS applications and implementing a just in time access model.

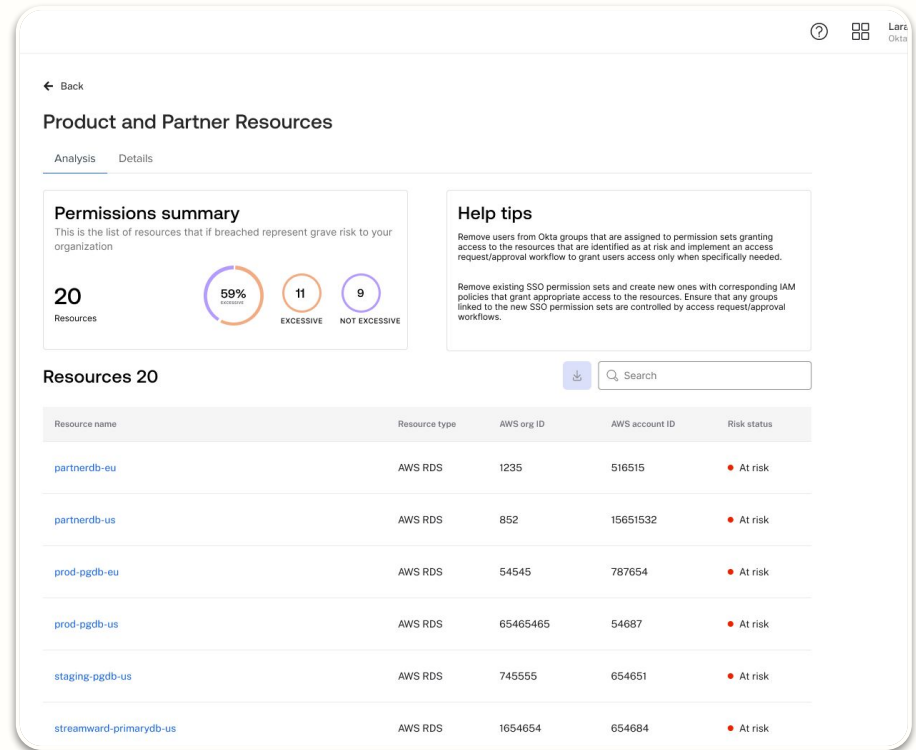
The screenshot displays the Okta Privileged Access console interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with the following items: Okta Privileged Access, RESOURCE ADMINISTRATION, Users & Groups, Resource Management, Entitlements, Connections, and Analyze entitlements (which is highlighted). The main content area is titled 'Tigertail analysis' and includes a 'Back to Analysis jobs' link. Below the title are tabs for 'Details', 'High value resources' (selected), 'Medium value resources', and 'Low value resources'. The 'High value resources' section contains the following elements: a heading 'High value resources', a sub-heading 'Risk percentage' with a description 'Choose a percentage of accounts for our system to notify overpermissioened' and an input field containing '10%', a section 'Classify resources by tags' with '+ Add tag' and 'Discover tags' buttons, and two input fields for 'Tag name' and 'Tag value'. At the bottom, there are two expandable sections: 'Classify resources by key patterns in the resource' and 'Classify resources by key patterns in the account name'. The top right corner shows the user 'blake.@acme.com' and a help icon.



Entitlement Support for Cloud Infrastructure: Discovery and Analysis

Customer Benefits

- **Visibility:** Quickly discover and analyze existing IaaS entitlements
- **Right-Size IaaS Access:** Aligns with native IaaS IAM policies for risk-aware access control
- **Unified Platform:** Integration with Okta Workflows and Access Requests



Okta Privileged Access



Questions?

